

A62WX

BY JOHN SCALI

WASHINGTON, JAN. 27 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES TODAY BROKE OFF LEND-
LEASE TALKS WITH RUSSIA BECAUSE SOVIET

THE TALKS COLLAPSED AFTER A 30-MINUTE SESSION AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT WHEN SOVIET AMBASSADOR MIKHAIL

SOVIET OFFICIAL ON NOTICE LAST WEEK THAT UNLESS RUSSIA CHANGED ITS AT

BOHLEN THEN TOLD HIM NO COMMON GROUND EXISTED FOR FURTHER DISCUSSIONS IN VIEW OF THIS "PROFOUND DIFFERENCE IN OPINION."

THE BREAKDOWN OF THE TALKS AFTER ONLY FOUR MEETINGS APPEARED TO DEMONSTRATE A TOUGH U.S. NEGOTIATING ATTITUDE IN ADVANCE OF THE EAST-WEST SUMMIT.

THE COLD WAR PICTURE. THEY CLAIMED TO BE MORE PUZZLED THAN WORRIED BY

THE STATE DEPARTMENT, IN REPORTING THE COLLAPSE OF THE TALKS, SAID THE SOVIETS WOULD BE WELCOME TO RESUME TALKS ANY TIME THEY DECIDE TO

ON AN AGREEMENT SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV MADE WITH PRESIDENT

FOR THE PAST 15 YEARS THE UNITED STATES HAS BEEN DEMANDING RUSSIA
PAY UP -- AS OTHER COUNTRIES HAVE DONE -- FOR LEND-LEASE GOODS OF PEACE-

WHEN PRIOR TALKS BROKE OFF IN 1952, SOVIET AND AMERICAN NEGOTIATORS WERE 500 MILLION DOLLARS APART ON A SETTLEMENT. RUSSIA OFFERED 300 MIL-

WHEN THE NEW ROUND OF TALKS BEGAN JAN. 11, MENSHIKOV IMMEDIATELY TIE
ANY RUSSIAN FINANCIAL OFFER TO TRADE AND LOANS. BOHLEN PROMPTLY IN-

MENSHIKOV SOUGHT TO JUSTIFY THE LOAN DEMAND, OFFICIALS SAID, ON THE GROUND THAT CREDITS WERE EXTENDED TO BRITAIN AND FRANCE AND OTHER ALLIES

THE MENSHIKOV-BOHLEN TALKS WERE DESCRIBED AS FRIENDLY, WITHOUT SHARP LANGUAGE. THE TWO MEN, WITH EXPERTS ASSISTING THEM, MET FOR A TOTAL

RUSSIA'S REFUSAL TO BACK DOWN, OFFICIALS SAID, ~~WAS A~~ CALCULATION. PERHAPS MOSCOW BELIEVED THAT THE AMERICAN BUSINESS COMMU-

COULD MISREPRESENT A MISS -

A9 1

PRECEDENT WASHINGTON DAY (250)
GENEVA, JAN. 27 (AP)-THE SOVIET DELEGATE TO THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN
TALKS HERE SAID TODAY RUSSIA WILL NEVER ACCEPT A PARTIAL BAN ON TEST
EXPLOSIONS THAT WOULD ALLOW SMALL UNDERGROUND TESTS.

THE UNITED STATES IS REPORTED CONSIDERING SUCH A PROPOSAL IN AN ATTEMPT TO BREAK THE STALEMATE IN THE 15-MONTH-OLD NEGOTIATIONS.

HE SAID THE SOVIET UNION IS READY TO APPROVE A TEST BAN TREATY ONLY IF ALL NUCLEAR TESTS ARE OUTLAWED AT THE SAME TIME, NO MATTER HOW

THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND THE SOVIET UNION HAVE MADE SOME
PROGRESS ON POSSIBLE MEASURES TO POLICE A BAN OF TESTS ABOVE GROUND OR

BUT THEY ARE DEADLOCKED ON THE TECHNICAL MEANS OF POLICING TESTS
UNDERGROUND. THE WEST MAINTAINS THAT PRESENT SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE DOES

REPORTS FROM WASHINGTON SAID THE UNITED STATES WILL SOON PROPOSE THAT ATTEMPTS TO NEGOTIATE A TOTAL TEST BAN BE ABANDONED IN FAVOR OF

LINCOLN WHITE, U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN, TOLD WASHINGTON NEWSMEN A LIMITED BAN IS UNDER CONSIDERATION, BUT HE GAVE NO DETAILS.

(300) NUCLEAR TESTS

WASHINGTON, JAN. 27 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES INDICATED TODAY IT WILL PUSH FOR A LIMITED BAN ON NUCLEAR TESTING IF AN AGREEMENT IS NOT

STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE, GIVING THE UNITED STATES POSITION, SAID THIS NATION, SINCE THE START OF THE 15-MONTH-OLD

BUT HE SAID THAT IF RUSSIA CONTINUES TO REBUFF AMERICAN SCIENTIFIC FINDINGS ON NEED FOR TIGHTER MEASURES AGAINST UNDERGROUND BLASTS

"IN THE LIGHT OF THIS POSSIBILITY," HE ADDED, "VARIOUS PROPOSALS BASED ON THE PREMISE THAT WHAT CAN BE CONTROLLED SHOULD BE CONTROLLED

THE THREE ATOMIC POWERS HOLDING GENEVA TALKS--THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND RUSSIA--ARE AGREED ON THE POSSIBILITY OF DETECTING NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS IN THE ATMOSPHERE-- AT HIGH ALTITUDES AND UNDER

BUT THE RUSSIANS HAVE REJECTED UNITED STATES CONTENTIONS THAT MORE INSPECTION IS NEEDED TO DETECT UNDERGROUND BLASTS THAN HAD BEEN THOUGHT NECESSARY WHEN THE TALKS BEGAN.

LAST SPRING PRESIDENT EISENHOWER SUGGESTED AN INITIAL LIMITED BAN AGAINST EXPLOSIONS IN THE ATMOSPHERE AND UNDERWATER, WITH THE BAN TO BE EXTENDED AS SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE ON HOW TO DETECT OTHER TYPES OF EXPLOSIONS INCREASED. MOSCOW BRUSHED ASIDE THIS IDEA. U.S. NEGOTIATORS NOW HAVE REVIVED THIS PLAN AND ARE CONSIDERING OFFERING IT AGAIN IN SOME REVISED FORM.

THE NEW YORK TIMES SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES WILL OFFER A PLAN UNDER WHICH THE BAN WOULD EXTEND TO VERY LARGE UNDERGROUND BLASTS WHICH CAN BE DETECTED BY PRESENTLY-KNOWN MEANS, PLUS A PROGRAM TO IMPROVE DETECTING OF SMALLER UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS. ASKED ABOUT THIS, WHITE SAID THAT AS FAR AS HE KNOWS THE UNITED STATES HAS NOT YET DECIDED ON ANY SPECIFIC PROPOSAL.

JC145PES

A4WX (BJT)

AMS BUDGET (470)

NIGHT LEAD DEFENSE-SPACE

BY FRED S. HOFFMAN

WASHINGTON, JAN. 27 (AP)-SEN. STUART SYMINGTON (D-MO) TODAY ACCUSED THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION OF JUGGLING INTELLIGENCE DATA "SO THE BUDGET BOOKS MAY BE BALANCED."

"THE FACTS ARE THAT A VERY SUBSTANTIAL MISSILE GAP DOES EXIST AND THE ADMINISTRATION APPARENTLY IS GOING TO PERMIT THIS GAP TO INCREASE," HE DECLARED.

SYMINGTON, A FORMER AIR FORCE SECRETARY AND LONGTIME FOE OF ADMINISTRATION MILITARY POLICY, CONTENDED THE U.S. DEFICIT IN INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILES HAS WIDENED TO MORE THAN THE 3-1 EDGE HE SAID DEFENSE OFFICIALS CONCEDED TO RUSSIA LAST YEAR. COUNTING SHORTER RANGE ROCKETS, HE SAID, "THE SOVIET ADVANTAGE WOULD BE GREATER."

"I CHARGE THIS ADMINISTRATION WITH USING INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION IN SUCH A MANNER THAT THE AMERICAN PEOPLE HAVE BEEN GIVEN AN INACCURATE PICTURE OF WHAT IS NECESSARY FOR OUR NATIONAL DEFENSE," THE MISSOURI SENATOR SAID.

TONIGHT, SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR. CONCEDED THE RUSSIANS "A MODERATE NUMERICAL SUPERIORITY" IN LONG RANGE MISSILES AT TIMES DURING THE NEXT THREE YEARS.

BUT GATES INSISTED--AS HE HAS BEFORE--THAT THIS COUNTRY'S TOTAL POWER FAR OUTSTRIPS RUSSIA'S.

THE DEFENSE SECRETARY SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS "SEVERAL TIMES MORE" JET BOMBERS THAN RUSSIA HAS, AND THAT U. S. EXPERIENCE AND TECHNIQUES ARE FAR MORE ADVANCED.

GATES' BULLISH ASSESSMENT OF U. S. ARMED POWER WAS CONTAINED IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR A REPUBLICAN GATHERING IN PORTLAND, ORE. PLANE TROUBLE KEPT THE SECRETARY FROM MAKING THE TRIP, BUT ARRANGEMENTS WERE MADE FOR A STAND-IN TO READ IT FOR HIM.

ALTHOUGH NOT AN AVOWED CANDIDATE, SYMINGTON IS AVAILABLE FOR THE DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION THIS YEAR.

IN THIS CONNECTION, HE SAID HE WAS AWARE HE WOULD BE ACCUSED OF POLITICAL MOTIVES IN HIS CRITICISM OF THE PENTAGON AND THE WHITE HOUSE. SUCH ACCUSATIONS, HE SAID, WOULD BE MADE BY "THOSE WHO PREFER TO CONCEAL THE FACTS, AND BY OTHERS WHO DO NOT KNOW THE FACTS."

SYMINGTON FIRED HIS BROADSIDE--IN A 2,000-WORD STATEMENT, AT A NEWS CONFERENCE AND IN THE SENATE--ONLY A DAY AFTER PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE CHIEF ALLEN W. DULLES HAD DEFENDED THE NEW ESTIMATES OF RELATIVE U.S.-RUSSIAN STRENGTH. THE PRESIDENT AND DULLES SAID THE NEW EVALUATIONS ARE BASED ON

BETTER INFORMATION THAN WAS AVAILABLE ABOUT THE RUSSIAN MILITARY PROGRAM IN THE PAST.

DEMOCRATS IN CONGRESS HAVE BEEN ON THE ATTACK SINCE LAST WEEK WHEN SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR. DISCLOSED THE REVISED ESTIMATES WHICH HE SAID SHOWED THE UNITED STATES WAS NOT SUFFERING FROM ANY OVER-ALL GAP IN POWER TO DETER A RUSSIAN ATTACK.

FROM WHAT GATES SAID, THE IMPRESSION GREW THAT U.S. INTELLIGENCE OFFICIALS NOW WERE CONSIDERING POSSIBLE RUSSIAN INTENTIONS RATHER THAN WHAT THE SOVIETS ARE CAPABLE OF DOING. EISENHOWER AND DULLES, SUGGESTING THAT GATES WAS MISINTERPRETED, SAID BOTH FACTORS WERE CONSIDERED.

BUT SYMINGTON DID NOT ACCEPT THESE EXPLANATIONS, CONTENDING THE ADMINISTRATION WAS TRYING TO "CHANGE THE GROUND RULES FOR EVALUATING THE FACTS."

"THE INTELLIGENCE BOOKS HAVE BEEN JUGGLED SO THE BUDGET BOOKS MAY BE BALANCED," THE SENATOR SAID.

HE ALSO CHARGED MANIPULATION OF DATA IN A BID TO DOWNGRADE THE QUALITY OF RUSSIAN MISSILES, DESPITE "THE RECENT IMPRESSIVE SOVIET MISSILE TEST IN THE PACIFIC."

WHAT THE UNITED STATES MUST DO, SYMINGTON SAID, IS SPEND MORE BILLIONS OF DOLLARS, AND SOON, TO RUSH PRODUCTION OF MORE LONG RANGE ROCKETS.

IN RELATED DEVELOPMENTS:

1. ADM. ARLEIGH A. BURKE, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, TOLD THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE IN SECRET SESSION THE NAVY WANTS MORE GUIDED MISSILES THAN THE NEW BUDGET WOULD ALLOW. BURKE, IN A STATEMENT MADE PUBLIC, ALSO SAID THE NAVY NEEDS THE NEW SUPERCARRIER EISENHOWER HAS RECOMMENDED.

2. DR. T. KEITH GLENNAN, HEAD OF THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION, SAID THE UNITED STATES WILL PASS RUSSIA IN THE SPACE RACE IN FOUR OR FIVE YEARS.

3. SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER LYNDON B. JOHNSON OF TEXAS SAID HE AGREED WITH EISENHOWER THAT ADMIRABLE PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE BY THIS COUNTRY IN SPACE WORK. BUT, JOHNSON ADDED: "MY FEELING IS THAT WE COULD HAVE GONE MUCH FARTHER AND FASTER THAN WE HAVE."

JC236PES

A97WX (SPACE PGM, INSERT)

(370) SPACE

BY JOHN BECKLER

WASHINGTON, JAN. 27 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES IS PUSHING ITS SPACE PROGRAM AT A RATE THAT WILL CARRY IT PAST RUSSIA IN FOUR OR FIVE YEARS, THE HEAD OF THE CIVILIAN SPACE AGENCY SAID TODAY.

BUT AS DR. T. KEITH GLENNAN, HEAD OF THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION, MADE HIS PREDICTION SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER LYNDON B. JOHNSON OF TEXAS SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS NOT GONE FAR ENOUGH OR FAST ENOUGH IN ITS SPACE PROGRAM.

GLENNAN TOLD THE HOUSE SPACE COMMITTEE THE GREATEST COLLECTION OF SCIENTISTS AND TECHNICIANS EVER PUT TOGETHER IN ONE AGENCY IS NOW WORKING ON NASA'S SPACE PROGRAM.

MORE MONEY WILL BE POURED INTO A STEPPED-UP PROGRAM TO PRODUCE THE SUPER ROCKET BOOSTER SATURN, HE SAID, AND A SERIES OF DRAMATIC SPACE EXPERIMENTS WILL BE LAUNCHED THIS YEAR.

AMONG THE ACHIEVEMENTS EXPECTED IN 1960, GLENNAN SAID, IS THE FIRST ROCKET-BOOSTED MANNED FLIGHT AS THE PROJECT MERCURY ASTRONAUTS TAKE ANOTHER STEP FORWARD IN THEIR TRAINING FOR ORBITAL FLIGHT. THE FLIGHTS PLANNED FOR THIS YEAR WILL NOT BE AIMED AT ORBIT.

GLENNAN SAID ANOTHER FLIGHT TO THE VICINITY OF THE MOON WILL BE ATTEMPTED BEFORE JUNE, AND THAT FURTHER TESTS WILL BE CONDUCTED ON

WEATHER AND COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITES.
BUT THE BIG EFFORT, HE SAID, WILL BE ON SATURN, WHICH IS CONSIDERED
THE KEY TO SUCCESSFUL COMPETITION WITH RUSSIA. THE HUGE ROCKET WILL
HAVE FIVE TIMES THE THRUST OF THE ATLAS, THE BIGGEST OF EXISTING U. S.
ROCKETS.

GLENNAN SAID HE WILL ASK CONGRESS FOR MORE MONEY TO SPEED UP THE
SATURN PROJECT, WHICH IS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF DR. WERNHER VON BRAUN.
THE PROPOSED NASA BUDGET FOR FISCAL 1961 IS 802 MILLION DOLLARS AND
IT IS EXPECTED ANOTHER 100 MILLION DOLLARS MAY BE SOUGHT FOR SATURN.
UNDER THE SATURN SPEEDUP, THE SPACE CHIEF SAID, COMPLETION OF THE
FIRST STAGE OF THE HUGE ROCKET WOULD BE SHORTENED BY ONE YEAR, AND THE
FULL TWO AND THREE-STAGE UNITS SHOULD BE READY FOR TESTS THREE TO NINE
MONTHS AHEAD OF PRESENT SCHEDULES. SATURN IS CURRENTLY EXPECTED TO BE
READY IN 1965.

GLENNAN SAID IT WAS ONLY IN THE FIELD OF BIG ROCKET BOOSTERS THAT
RUSSIA WAS NOW AHEAD OF THE UNITED STATES.
"IN ALL OTHER ASPECTS," HE SAID, "IT IS MY OPINION THAT WE HAVE AN
EQUAL CAPABILITY AND THAT WE HAVE PUBLISHED MORE SIGNIFICANT SCIENTIFIC
RESULTS, MORE FULLY AND MORE PROMPTLY THAN THEY."
ACROSS THE CAPITOL, JOHNSON TOLD NEWSMEN HE AGREED WITH PRESIDENT
EISENHOWER'S VIEW THAT "WE HAVE MADE ADMIRABLE PROGRESS."
BUT, THE SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER ADDED: "MY FEELING IS THAT WE
COULD HAVE GONE MUCH FARTHER AND FASTER THAN WE HAVE."

EG855PES

A170WX

(280) SPACE-DOCUMENTS

WASHINGTON, JAN. 27 (AP)-THE GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE SAID TODAY
THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION HAS WITHDRAWN FROM
ITS FILES KEY DOCUMENTS DEALING WITH THE AWARD OF MILLIONS OF DOL-
LARS IN PRIVATE CONTRACTS.

A GAO WITNESS TOLD A HOUSE COMMITTEE REFUSAL OF THE SPACE AGENCY
TO MAKE THE DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE HAS MADE IT IMPOSSIBLE FOR CONGRESS
TO REVIEW THE CONTRACTS.

INVOLVED ARE A 102 MILLION DOLLAR CONTRACT WITH NORTH AMERICAN
AVIATION INC. FOR A ROCKET ENGINE WITH 1 1/2 MILLION POUNDS OF
THRUST, AND A 28 MILLION DOLLAR CONTRACT WITH MACDONNELL AIRCRAFT
CORP., FOR MANNED SATELLITE CAPSULES TO BE USED IN PROJECT MERCURY.

ROBERT KELLER, GENERAL COUNSEL OF THE GAO TOLD THE HOUSE COMMITTEE
ON SCIENCE AND ASTRONAUTICS THAT NASA ADMINISTRATOR DR. T. KEITH
GLENNAN INVOKED THE LONG-DEBATED PRINCIPLE OF EXECUTIVE PRIVILEGE IN
WITHHOLDING THE DOCUMENTS.

THE CONCEPT OF EXECUTIVE PRIVILEGE, DATING BACK TO THE ORIGIN OF
THE REPUBLIC, HOLDS THAT THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF GOVERNMENT, AT ITS
OWN DISCRETION, CAN REFUSE TO MAKE CERTAIN INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO
THE LEGISLATIVE BRANCH. IT HAS OFTEN BEEN CHALLENGED BY CONGRESS BUT
THE ISSUE HAS NEVER BEEN SETTLED BY LAW.

KELLER SAID THE DOCUMENTS WITHHELD BY NASA ARE EVALUATION REPORTS
BY VARIOUS STUDY TEAMS OF THE SEVERAL CONTRACT PROPOSALS RECEIVED FOR
THE TWO PROJECTS.

"WE THINK THAT ACCESS TO THE DOCUMENTS WITHHELD IS ESSENTIAL TO A
PROPER REVIEW OF THE PROCUREMENT PROCEDURES FOLLOWED IN AWARDED
THESE CONTRACTS," KELLER SAID.

IN PLACE OF THE DOCUMENTS RELATING TO THE NORTH AMERICAN CONTRACT,
KELLER SAID, NASA HAS MADE AVAILABLE A SUMMARY PREPARED BY THE NASA
LEGAL STAFF.

THE GAO WAS CREATED BY CONGRESS TO SEE THAT FUNDS APPROPRIATED BY
CONGRESS ARE SPENT ECONOMICALLY, EFFICIENTLY AND LEGALLY.

"WE DO NOT BELIEVE THAT DENIAL OF ACCESS TO THE KEY DOCUMENTS

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IN PROCUREMENT TRANSACTIONS, PROMOTES PUBLIC CONFIDENCE IN THE CONDUCT
OF PUBLIC BUSINESS," KELLER SAID.
GLENNAN, CALLED LATER TO TESTIFY ABOUT THE SPACE PROGRAM, MADE
NO REFERENCE TO THE DOCUMENTS.

JC116PES

A95WX

(280) NIGHT LEAD WORLD COURT

BY ERNEST B. VACCARO

WASHINGTON, JAN. 27 (AP)-TWO CABINET MEMBERS TODAY PLEDGED THE ADMIN-
ISTRATION'S UNDIVIDED SUPPORT FOR A SENATE EFFORT TO REPEAL A U. S. VETO
POWER OVER JURISDICTION OF THE WORLD COURT.

SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER TOLD THE SENATE FOREIGN RELA-
TIONS COMMITTEE A REPEALER RESOLUTION HAS THE BACKING OF PRESIDENT
EISENHOWER, VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON, THE STATE AND JUSTICE DE-
PARTMENTS.

"THERE IS NO DIVISION OF OPINION WITHIN THE ADMINISTRATION," HERTER
ASSURED CHAIRMAN J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (D-ARK).

ATTY. GEN. WILLIAM P. ROGERS FOLLOWED HERTER WITH A STRONG ENDORSE-
MENT OF THE RESOLUTION.

HERTER'S ASSERTION WAS PROMPTED BY WORD FROM FULBRIGHT THAT A "HIGHLY
CONCERTED CAMPAIGN" AGAINST THE RESOLUTION IS EVIDENCED BY 700 TELEGRAMS
RECEIVED BY THE COMMITTEE IN THE PAST FEW DAYS.

AT PRESENT, THE UNITED STATES AND SOME OTHER COUNTRIES RESERVE THE
RIGHT TO DECIDE FOR THEMSELVES WHETHER THE WORLD COURT HAS JURISDICTION
IN A PARTICULAR DISPUTE INVOLVING THEM. SOVIET RUSSIA HAS NEVER ACCEP-
TED ANY JURISDICTION OF THE COURT.

EISENHOWER HAS SAID HE WILL SEEK WITHDRAWAL OF RESERVATIONS BY
OTHER NATIONS IF THE SENATE REPEALS THE RIDER THAT BODY TACKLED ON IN
1946 WHEN IT APPROVED ADHERENCE TO THE COURT.

FULBRIGHT BACKS REPEAL BUT REMINDED THE WITNESSES THAT THE RESOLU-
TION WOULD REQUIRE A TWO-THIRDS VOTE OF THE SENATE. HE
QUESTIONED WHETHER IT MIGHT BE BAD FOR INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS IF IT IS
CALLED UP AND FAILS OF ADOPTION.

ROGERS TOLD THE COMMITTEE HE SAW NO RISK THE COURT WOULD SEEK
TO DECIDE ISSUES OF A DOMESTIC NATURE--A POINT FOES OF THE MEASURE
HAVE RAISED.

"I DO NOT SEE ANY DANGERS," ROGERS SAID. "OUR ACTION WOULD GREATLY
ENHANCE THE PRESTIGE OF OUR NATION THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

"IT IS NOT POSSIBLE ANY LONGER TO SAY THAT WE BELIEVE IN THE RULES
OF INTERNATIONAL LAW AND NOT BE WILLING TO ABIDE BY IT."

EG845PES

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON 1326

LONDON, JAN. 27 (AP)-SIR ANTHONY EDEN INDICATED TODAY THAT
ISRAEL'S DECISION TO ATTACK EGYPT IN 1956 MUST HAVE BEEN
INFLUENCED BY BRITISH ADVICE--SENT BY WAY OF FRANCE.

THE FORMER PRIME MINISTER TOUCHED ON A MYSTERIOUS EPISODE OF THE
SUEZ CRISIS IN THE LATEST COPYRIGHTED INSTALMENT OF HIS MEMOIRS &
IN THE LONDON TIMES.

IN THE WORLDWIDE CONTROVERSY THAT FOLLOWED THE SEPARATE ISRAELI
AND BRITISH-FRENCH ATTACKS ON EGYPT, BRITAIN AND FRANCE WERE
ACCUSED OF PROMPTING ISRAEL TO INVADE EGYPT SO THEY COULD
INTERVENE AND CONTROL THE DISPUTED SUEZ CANAL. EDEN AND HIS GOVERNMENT
INDIGNANTLY DENIED IT AT THE TIME.

HERE IS THE STORY AS HE RELATED IT TODAY:
WITH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD HE FLEW TO PARIS OCT. 16,
1956, FOR TALKS WITH FRENCH PREMIER GUY MOLLET AND FOREIGN MINISTER
CHRISTIAN PINEAU ON THE SEEMINGLY DEADLOCKED NEGOTIATIONS FOR A
SUEZ CANAL SETTLEMENT.

EGYPT'S GROWING HOSTILITY TOWARD ISRAEL -- EXPRESSED IN THREATS
OF ANNIHILATION -- WAS ANOTHER MAIN TOPIC OF DISCUSSION.

THE ISRAELIS, AT THAT TIME, WERE IN A TIGHT SPOT.
EGYPT, JORDAN AND SYRIA WERE SETTING UP A UNIFIED MILITARY
COMMAND UNDER CAIRO'S LEADERSHIP. ALMOST NIGHTLY ARAB MARAUDERS,
OR HEROES AS CAIRO CALLED THEM, ATTACKED ACROSS THE ISRAELI
FRONTIERS FROM EGYPT AND JORDAN.

THE JEWISH STATE FACED THE CHOICE, EDEN SAID, OF WAITING TO BE
STRANGLERED OR TAKING COUNTER-ACTION.

"IF ISRAEL WERE TO ACT AGAINST ONE OF HER ENCIRCLING ENEMIES,
THE CHOICE LAY BETWEEN JORDAN AND EGYPT," EDEN WROTE.
BUT BRITAIN WAS BOUND BY A DEFENSE ACT TO AID JORDAN. SO, TOO, WAS
EGYPT. ON THE OTHER HAND THE FRENCH WERE BACKING ISRAEL. THE BRITISH
FELT THEY HAD TO DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO PREVENT ANY ANTI-JORDAN
MOVE BY THE ISRAELIS.

THE ONETIME MINISTER WENT ON:
"OUR RELATIONS WITH ISRAEL WERE NOZ CLOSE OR INTIMATE...
"THEREFORE AT THIS MEETING IN PARIS, WE ASKED THE FRENCH MINISTERS
TO DO EVERYTHING THEY WOULD TO MAKE CLEAR TO ISRAEL THAT AN ATTACK
ON JORDAN WOULD HAVE TO BE RESISTED BY US.

"THIS THEY (THE FRENCH) UNDERTOOK TO DO."
TO THE ISRAELIS EDEN'S ADVICE COULD HAVE ONLY ONE MEANING:
THEIR ATTACK HAD TO BE AIMED AGAINST EGYPT IF BRITISH BENEVOLENCE WAS
WANTED.

DISCUSSING THE CHOICE THAT FACED THE ISRAELIS EDEN SAID:
"IF THERE WERE TO BE A BREAK-OUT IT WAS BETTER FROM OUR POINT OF
VIEW THAT IT SHOULD BE AGAINST EGYPT."

EJ-PS433PES

A113

(230)
AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS
BY JACK KOEHLER

(ADVANCE) FRANKFURT, GERMANY, JAN. 27 (AP)-THE LARGEST UNITED
STATES PEACETIME FIELD ARMY IS PREPARING FOR WINTER MANEUVERS IN
WHICH THE NEW WEST GERMAN ARMY WILL OPERATE FOR THE FIRST TIME.
SIXTY THOUSAND TROOPS AND MORE THAN 11,000 TANKS, TRUCKS AND OTHER
VEHICLES OF THE 7TH U.S. ARMY WILL PARTICIPATE IN "EXERCISE WINTER
SHIELD" AT A TRAINING AREA IN BAVARIA FEB. 1-7. IT WILL TEST THE 7TH
ARMY'S COMBAT READINESS AND ITS ABILITY TO MOVE INTO BATTLE
ALONGSIDE THE BUNDESWEHR, CREATED IN 1954 BY THE WEST GERMAN
PARLIAMENT.

THE TOTAL FORCE WILL BE SPLIT INTO TWO CAMPS--NORTH ATLANTIC
TREATY ORGANIZATION (NATO) FORCE AND AGGRESSORS.
PLANES FROM THE 17TH U.S. AIR FORCE WILL SUPPORT THE EXERCISE, WITH
THREE FIGHTER-BOMBER WINGS FLYING MISSIONS FOR EACH SIDE.

THE AGGRESSORS WILL KICK OFF THE EXERCISE WITH AN ATTACK ACROSS
THE DANUBE AND ALTMUEHL RIVERS, FORCING NATO UNITS TO WITHDRAW FOR
THE NEXT THREE DAYS.

A DEMONSTRATION OF FIREPOWER, USING LIVE AMMUNITION, WILL HALT THE
BATTLE PLAY FOR A DAY AND THEN ON THE FIFTH DAY THE NATO FORCES WILL
LAUNCH THEIR COUNTERATTACK.

THREE BATTALIONS OF HELICOPTERS WILL TEST INFANTRY AIR MOBILITY.
TELEVISION CAMERAS WILL SCAN THE BATTLEFIELD AND BRING THE ACTION
BEFORE THE EYES OF THE COMMANDER IN THE REAR. TROOPS OF THE 10TH
SPECIAL FORCES GROUP WILL OPERATE BEHIND THE LINES, HARASSING REGULAR
UNITS WITH GUERRILLA ACTIONS AND SABOTAGE.
END ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS MOVED JAN. 26.

MM959AES

B74 Q

170

MOSCOW, JAN. 27 (AP)-THE GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER IZVESTIA SAID
TODAY THE STOCK OF WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER "HAS
FALLEN LATELY, EVEN IN THE VATICAN."

THE GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER, COMMENTING ON ADENAUER'S RECENT
VISIT TO ROME, ASSERTED THE WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR GOT A BRUSHOFF
FROM BOTH ITALIAN OFFICIALS AND THE VATICAN.

"IT IS REPORTED THAT WHEN HE VISITED THE VATICAN," IZVESTIA
SAID, "HE WAS TOLD IN NO UNCERTAIN TERMS THAT HIS PRESENT EXTREMIST
POLICY DID NOT ACCORD WITH THE CHRISTIAN TEACHING."

PREVIOUSLY, THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS REPORTED THAT ADENAUER
GOT A COOL RECEPTION FROM THE POPE.

--DASH--

ACTUALLY, ADENAUER WAS GIVEN A CORDIAL RECEPTION FROM BOTH POPE
JOHN XXIII AND ITALIAN OFFICIALS.

IN BONN, THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT DECLINED TO COMMENT ON
THIS LATEST SOVIET ATTACK IN A SERIES LAUNCHED BY MOSCOW DURING
AND AFTER ADENAUER'S VISIT TO ROME AND THE VATICAN.

WHEN ADENAUER RETURNED TO BONN MONDAY HE SAID HIS TALKS WITH
ITALIAN LEADERS AND POPE JOHN WERE BOTH PLEASANT AND SUCCESSFUL.
HE SPOKE ENTHUSIASTICALLY OF HIS "PERSONAL EXCHANGE OF OPINIONS"
WITH THE POPE.

B1027AES

567

BONN, GERMANY, JAN. 27 (AP)-WEST GERMANY TODAY
ASSAILED A LETTER FROM WALTER ULBRICHT, EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST PARTY
CHIEF, AS "A TISSUE OF LIES AND THREATS."

VERNER KRUEGER, DEPUTY PRESS CHIEF, TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE
BONN WOULD NOT REPLY TO THE LETTER, ADHERING TO ITS POLICY OF SAYING
NOTHING OFFICIALLY TO DO WITH THE EAST GERMAN GOVERNMENT.

KRUEGER SAID THE 16-PAGE LETTER ADDRESSED TO CHANCELLOR KONRAD
ADENAUER, IN HIS CAPACITY AS CHAIRMAN OF THE CHRISTIAN
DEMOCRATIC UNION, WAS SENT AIR MAIL FROM WEST BERLIN. IT HAD AS A
RETURN ADDRESS THAT OF OTTO SCHEHN OF EAST BERLIN, A WELL-KNOWN
COMMUNIST FUNCTIONARY. THE LETTER WAS SIGNED BY ULBRICHT.

KRUEGER READ EXCERPTS IN WHICH ULBRICHT ATTACKED ADENAUER AS A

CRIMINAL FOR SIGNING TREATIES UNDER WHICH WEST GERMANY JOINED THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION AND AGREED TO A REARMAMENT PROGRAM. THE LETTER ALSO SAID ADENAUER WAS PREPARING FOR WAR AGAINST THE EAST.

TDSOPES

B4AH Q

(170)

OMAHA, JAN. 27 (AP)—MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM H. BLANCHARD, FORMER COMMANDER OF THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND'S 7TH AIR DIVISION IN THE UNITED KINGDOM, HAS BEEN NAMED SAC DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS.

GEN. BLANCHARD A 1938 U.S. MILITARY ACADEMY GRADUATE, FLEW THE FIRST B-29 INTO CHINA IN WORLD WAR II AND COMMANDED THE FIRST HEAVY BOMB UNIT TO ATTACK JAPAN FROM THE CHINESE MAINLAND. HE WROTE THE OPERATIONS ORDER FOR THE FIRST ATOMIC BOMB DROP ON HIROSHIMA.

GEN. BLANCHARD WILL SUCCEED MAJ. GEN. MAMES V. EDMUNDSON, WHO IS BEING REASSIGNED TO AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS IN WASHINGTON. HE HAD BEEN SCHEDULED TO SUCCEED MAJ. GEN. CHARLES B. WESTOVER AS SAC DIRECTOR OF PLANS UNTIL GEN. EDMUNDSON'S ASSIGNMENT ALTERED PLANS. GEN. WESTOVER NOW TAKES OVER THE 7TH AIR DIVISION.

GEN. BLANCHARD WAS ASSIGNED TO SAC HEADQUARTERS FROM 1953 TO 1957 AS DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS BEFORE BEING TRANSFERRED TO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

GEN. POWER SAID BRIG. GEN. SETH J. MC KEE, DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PLANS WILL HEAD THAT DIRECTORATE UNTIL A NEW DIRECTOR IS NAMED. EL108PCS NM

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END — JAN. 27, 1960